



# REFORM SEQUENCING TRACKER



# REFORM SEQUENCING TRACKER

an ambitious endeavor to **codify the sequence** of government reforms after periods of transition – conflict, natural disaster or political transition.

To date, nearly **20,000 reform actions** have been coded for over 20 countries: Rwanda, Afghanistan, Haiti, Serbia, Montenegro, Vietnam, Zimbabwe, Kosovo, Sri Lanka, Nicaragua, Mali, Kenya, Uzbekistan, Albania, Cambodia, Lesotho, Saudi Arabia, Tajikistan, Senegal, Moldova, Liberia, and Sudan.



- National Visions
- Transformation Plans
- Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers
- etc....

## REFORM TYPES

CAPACITY

POLICY

PROJECT

## REFORM MECHANISMS

- Establish Authority
- Increase
- Decrease
- Training
- Structural Change
- Procedural Change
- Etc.

- Review
- Design
- Enact into law
- Publish
- Etc.

- Pilot
- Scale
- Implement
- Evaluate
- Rehabilitate
- Etc.

## TIMEFRAME

Start Year

End Year

PHASES

PHASE 1

PHASE 2

PHASE 3

## OTHER TAGS

- Goal
- Target
- Function Of The State
- Responsible Ministry

# REFORM SEQUENCING TRACKER

Country	Vision	Strategy	Year	Policy Area	Policy Main	Policy Area	Reform Action	Reform Type	Reform Mechanism	Goal	Mechanism	End Year	Phase	Functional Theme
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Human Re	Human Re	Water and	Build institutional capacity of urban ad	Capacity	Organisati	None	Uncertain	2005	1	Infrastruct Water and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Human Re	Human Re	Water and	Expedite the restructuring of Electroga	Capacity	Structural	None	Privatisatio	2005	1	Infrastruct Water and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Human Re	Human Re	Water and	Some urban infrastructure will be rehal	Project	Rehabilitat	None	Program Ir	2005	1	Infrastruct Water and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Human Re	Human Re	Resettlem	Roofing kits to be provided to those w	Project	Implement	Number of	Program Ir	2005	1	Infrastruct Housing
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Road Tran	Develop a transport sector investment	Policy	Design	None	Strategy	2005	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Road Tran	High priority for spending on mainten	Project	Rehabilitat	None	Capacity B	2002	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Road Tran	Implement programme of road upgrad	Project	Rehabilitat	None	Program ir	2005	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Road Tran	Create public/private partnership	Capacity	Organisati	None	Public Priv	2005	1	Market En Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Road Tran	Kanombe airport is being rehabilitated.	Project	Rehabilitat	None	Program Ir	2005	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Grass-root	The ubudehe programme will provide f	Capacity	Finance	None	Financing	2005	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Grass-root	KIST is working on improved forms of k	Capacity	Organisati	None	Uncertain	2002	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Grass-root	Donkeys may be promoted	Policy	Promotion	None	Uncertain	2005	1	Infrastruct Roads and
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Energy for	Rural electricification in new power gen	Project	Implement	None	Uncertain	2005	1	Infrastruct Energy
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Energy for	Gas and methane to be exploited	Project	Implement	None	Uncertain	2003	1	Infrastruct Energy
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Energy for	Rural electrification to be promoted by	Project	Scale	None	Program Ir	2003	1	Infrastruct Energy
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Energy for	Promotion of improved stoves	Policy	Promotion	None	Uncertain	2005	1	Infrastruct Energy
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Develops c	Promotion of private investment in all	Policy	Design	Policy Dec	Policy	2005	1	Infrastruct Telecomm
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Develops c	Rwandatel to be offered for sale	Capacity	Privatisatio	None	Privatisatio	2005	1	Infrastruct Telecomm
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Infrastruct	Economic	Develops c	Ensuring financial self-sufficiency of Of	Capacity	Finance	None	Uncertain	2002	1	Infrastruct Telecomm
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Investmen	RIPA has established a one-stop-shop f	Capacity	Finance	None	System Im	2005	1	Market En Investmen
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Investmen	Restructure CPMER (Centre de Promot	Capacity	Structural	None	Organizati	2005	1	Market En SME
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Investmen	The operational capacity of the newly	Capacity	Organisati	None	Capacity B	2005	1	Market En Competitio
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Investmen	Increased private sector representatio	Policy	Design	None	Citizen Eng	2003	1	Market En Private Sec
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Financial S	Restructuring of commeal banks is or	Capacity	Structural	Change	Organizati	2005	1	Market En Banks
Rwanda	Vision 202	National P	2002-2005	Private Sec	Private Sec	Financial S	Full audits of three banks	Capacity	Review		Audit/Surv	2002	1	Market En Banks



## VISUAL ANALYTICS

research and understand the sequence of reforms over time and across different areas of government



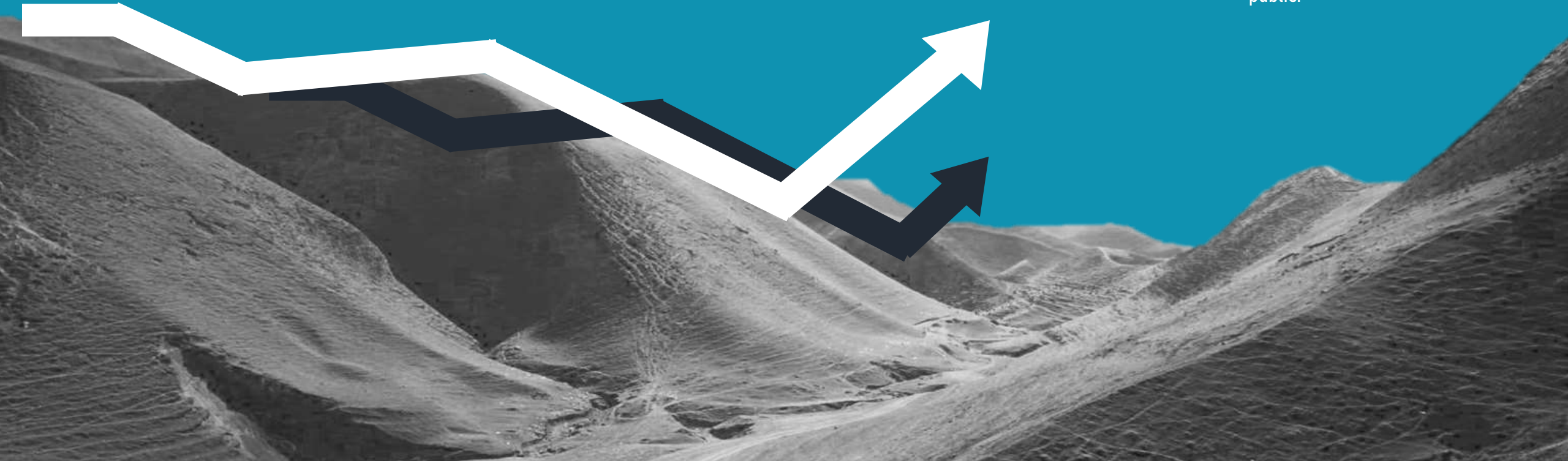
## SEARCHABLE DATABASE

to provide a starting point for governments tackling similar priority areas



## ACCOUNTABILITY TOOL

for governments to track the delivery of their reforms, manage the various efforts of the public sector, and provide accountability to the public.

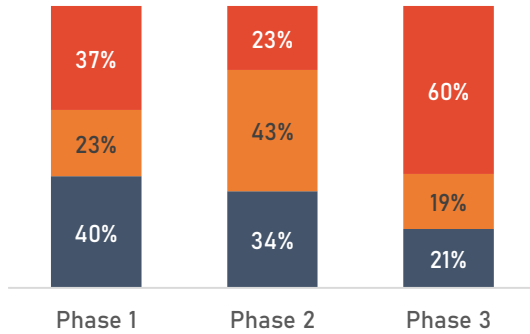




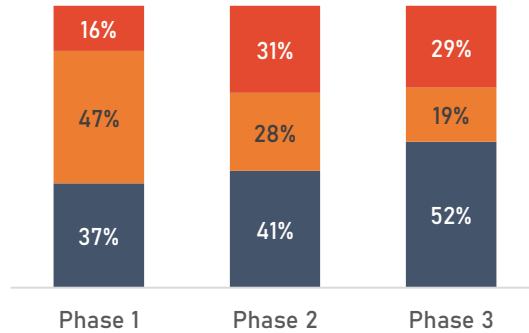
### Reform Types by Crisis

■ Capacity ■ Policy ■ Project

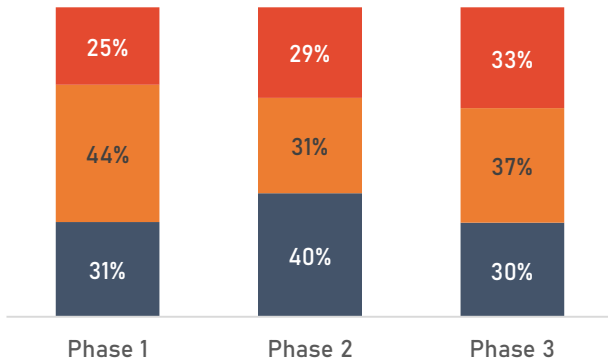
#### Post-Disaster



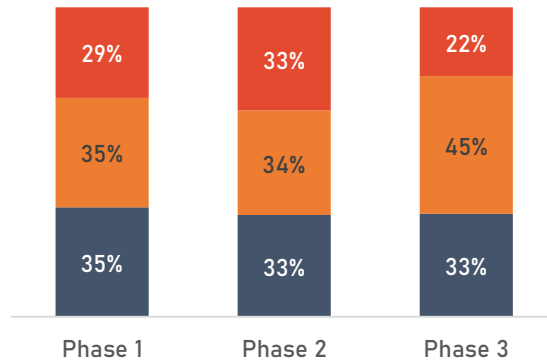
#### Post-Financial Crisis



#### Political Transition



#### Post-Conflict



### Reform Mechanisms

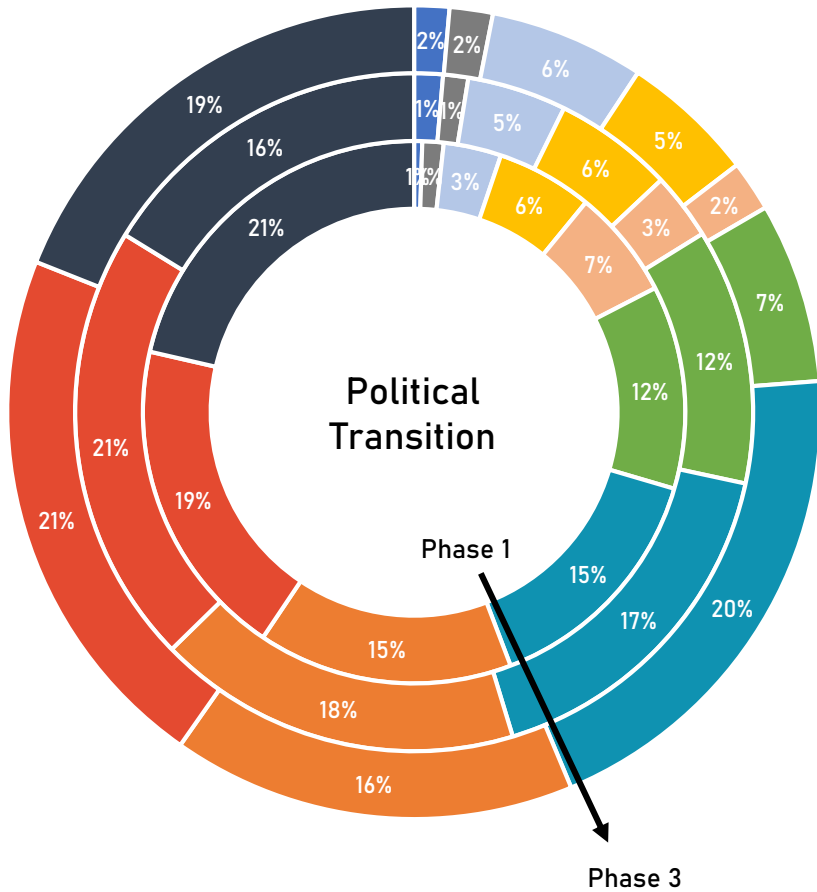
Reforms focused on government down-sizing increase significantly

Enacting laws decreases significantly by the third phase of the reform process

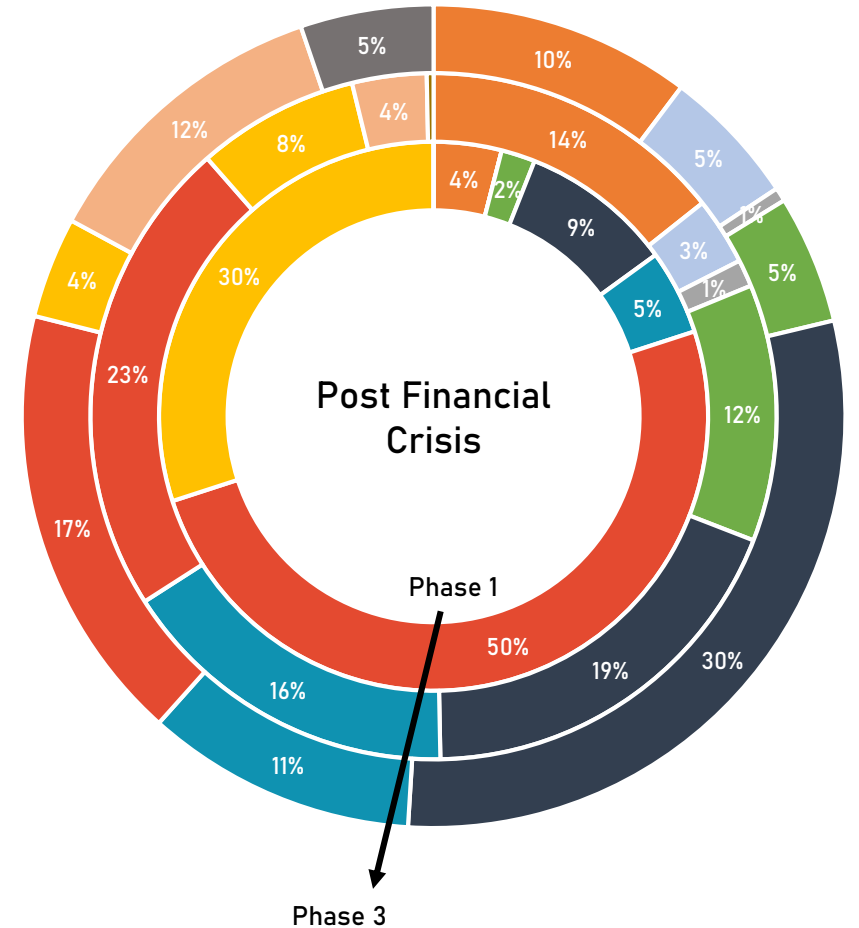




### Political Transition vs. Post Financial Crisis



- Disaster Readiness and Response
- Security, Law and Order
- Citizen Engagement and Participation
- Public Finance: National Accountability Systems
- Rule of Law
- Governance and Public Sector Management
- Infrastructure Services
- Asset Management
- Market Engagement
- Human Capital





## Increase social protection for vulnerable groups...

### MOLDOVA

- Introduction of the social insurance fund medium term forecasts
- Development of the pension system for the self-employed especially in agriculture
- Improvement of calculation methods for contributions
- Increase the volume of social insurance benefits through indexation
- Introduction of social assistance program impact monitoring (as part of general EGPRSP monitoring)
- Introduction of a separate social assistance budget and single register of beneficiaries
- Study on the modernization of specialized social services
- Creation of a network of professional social services
- Preparation of compulsory quality standards for social service institutions
- Equip Local Public Authorities with electronic equipment and integrate them into the national information system
- Reform the local public funds system
- Bring the legal framework and normative acts in line with the Law on local public funds (new edition)
- Streamline social assistance payment system by targeting resources towards vulnerable groups of population
- Substitute social assistance provided based on means testing for the nominal social compensations
- Systematically monitor and evaluate outcomes of implementing the system for social payments based on means-testing

### SENEGAL

- Drafting and adoption of a general social security code (effective application of legal provisions and agreements)
- Strengthening of the regulation mechanism (Commission for the Supervision and Regulation of Social Security Institutions (COSRISS))
- Implementation of a program to expand social security services to include subsidized housing for workers
- Revision of the scope of coverage of the unstructured sector so as to include the unemployed and emigrants.
- Consolidation and restructuring of medical insurance institutions (IPMs)
- Introduction of a program to strengthen the supervision of IPMs (control and advisory agency) and build the capacities of social security professionals
- Support for the mechanism for implementing and monitoring the expansion of social protection
- Promotion of partnership between the health mutual associations and care providers, and strengthening the national framework for consensus building on insurance mutuals
- Improvement in modalities for targeting and identifying potential beneficiaries of medical assistance
- Introduction of regimes adapted to each profession
- Measures aimed at interconnecting the health mutual associations and the formal social security system
- Consolidation and extension of social transfer mechanisms

### TAJIKISTAN

- Introduce a personalized accounting system for the pension rights of insured persons through the establishment of a national automated personalized accounting information system
- Prepare a draft law on state pension insurance
- Prepare a draft law on government pensions
- Devise and approve a methodology for the calculation of pensions and social benefits taking into account rights acquired by insured persons, including persons engaged in individual entrepreneurial activity
- Revise the system of social insurance transfers (family benefits), taking into account the socio- demographic situation in the country
- Prepare and implement a programme to develop voluntary pension insurance
- Incorporate up- to-date information technologies into the process of handling pension and benefit payments (continue the process of incorporating these technologies)
- Conduct studies of the economic feasibility of social insurance
- Establish an interagency coordinating Council on Labour Migration Issues under the Government
- Expand the base of interstate agreements to protect the rights of labour migrants
- Organize legal training and social adaptation courses for labour migrants abroad



# GOOD MORNING!

70 % Priority Actions Completed

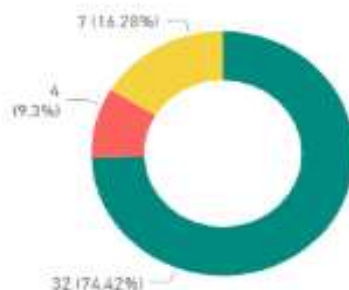
23% Pending

7% Delayed

## TARGET INDICATORS OVERVIEW



## ACTION STATUS OVERVIEW



## UPCOMING ACTIONS

- Reform Action
- Better management of the quarries
- Caisse Hypothécaire to develop business plan as a housing bank
- Conduct a cadastral survey and develop land use plan as soon as resources permit
- Credit line for traders in agricultural inputs have been

- Reform Action
- A fund for social solidarity will be explored
- Access to textbooks to be expanded, providing one book for three students in every course in each of the next three years if resources permit
- Adult literacy programme

- Reform Action
- The Unity and Reconciliation Commission was established in March 1999 and has undertaken major national consultations. A national summit is held regularly and the URC undertakes civic education, conflict mediation and community initiatives
- The Legal and Constitutional Affairs Commission was formed in late



[reformtracker.effectivestates.org](http://reformtracker.effectivestates.org)

[paramsey@effectivestates.org](mailto:paramsey@effectivestates.org)

